

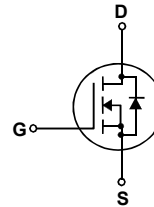
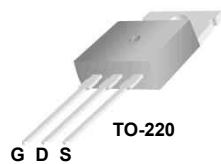
HM16N50 / HM16N50F 500V N-Channel MOSFET

General Description

This Power MOSFET is produced using Maple semi's advanced planar stripe DMOS technology. This advanced technology has been especially tailored to minimize on-state resistance, provide superior switching performance, and withstand high energy pulse in the avalanche and commutation mode. These devices are well suited for high efficiency switched mode power supplies, active power factor correction based on half bridge topology.

Features

- 16A, 500V, $R_{DS(on)typ.} = 305m\Omega @ V_{GS} = 10V$
- Low gate charge (typical 52nC)
- High ruggedness
- Fast switching
- 100% avalanche tested
- Improved dv/dt capability



Absolute Maximum Ratings T_C = 25°C unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	HM16N50	HM16N50F	Units
V _{DSS}	Drain-Source Voltage	500		V
I _D	Drain Current - Continuous (T _C = 25°C) - Continuous (T _C = 100°C)	16.0	16.0 *	A
		9.6	9.6 *	A
I _{DM}	Drain Current - Pulsed (Note 1)	64	64 *	A
V _{GSS}	Gate-Source Voltage	±30		V
EAS	Single Pulsed Avalanche Energy (Note 2)	418		mJ
I _{AR}	Avalanche Current (Note 1)	16		A
E _{AR}	Repetitive Avalanche Energy (Note 1)	23.42		mJ
dv/dt	Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt (Note 3)	4.5		V/ns
P _D	Power Dissipation (T _C = 25°C) - Derate above 25°C	234	41	W
		1.87	0.33	W/°C
T _J , T _{STG}	Operating and Storage Temperature Range	-55 to +150		°C
T _L	Maximum lead temperature for soldering purposes, 1/8" from case for 5 seconds	300		°C

* Drain current limited by maximum junction temperature.

Thermal Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	HM16N50	HM16N50F	Units
R _{θJC}	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case	0.53	3.03	°C/W
R _{θJS}	Thermal Resistance, Case-to-Sink Typ.	0.5	--	°C/W
R _{θJA}	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient	62.5	62.5	°C/W

Electrical Characteristics

$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Off Characteristics						
BV_{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, I_D = 250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	500	--	--	V
$\frac{\Delta BV_{DSS}}{\Delta T_J}$	Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient	$I_D = 250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$, Referenced to 25°C	--	0.5	--	$V/^\circ\text{C}$
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS} = 500\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$	--	--	1	μA
		$V_{DS} = 400\text{ V}, T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$	--	--	10	μA
I_{GSSF}	Gate-Body Leakage Current, Forward	$V_{GS} = 30\text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0\text{ V}$	--	--	100	nA
I_{GSSR}	Gate-Body Leakage Current, Reverse	$V_{GS} = -30\text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0\text{ V}$	--	--	-100	nA

On Characteristics

$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	2.0	--	4.0	V
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}, I_D = 8\text{ A}$	--	305	366	m Ω
g_{FS}	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS} = 40\text{ V}, I_D = 8\text{ A}$ (Note 4)	--	11	--	S

Dynamic Characteristics

C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	$V_{DS} = 25\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V},$ $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$	--	2300	--	pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance		--	255	--	pF
C_{riss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		--	10	--	pF

Switching Characteristics

$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{DD} = 250\text{ V}, I_D = 16\text{ A},$ $R_G = 25\text{ }\Omega$ (Note 4, 5)	--	31.5	--	ns
t_r	Turn-On Rise Time		--	36.5	--	ns
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time		--	175	--	ns
t_f	Turn-Off Fall Time		--	57	--	ns
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	$V_{DS} = 400\text{ V}, I_D = 16\text{ A},$ $V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$ (Note 4, 5)	--	52	--	nC
Q_{gs}	Gate-Source Charge		--	13	--	nC
Q_{gd}	Gate-Drain Charge		--	22	--	nC

Drain-Source Diode Characteristics and Maximum Ratings

I_S	Maximum Continuous Drain-Source Diode Forward Current	--	--	16	A	
I_{SM}	Maximum Pulsed Drain-Source Diode Forward Current	--	--	64	A	
V_{SD}	Drain-Source Diode Forward Voltage	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, I_S = 16\text{ A}$	--	--	1.4	V
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, I_S = 16\text{ A},$	--	433	--	ns
Q_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge	$di_F / dt = 100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$ (Note 4)	--	5.13	--	μC

Notes:

1. Repetitive Rating : Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature
2. $L = 3.0\text{ mH}, I_{AS} = 16\text{ A}, V_{DD} = 50\text{ V}, R_G = 25\text{ }\Omega$, Starting $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$
3. $I_{SD} \leq 16\text{ A}, di/dt \leq 100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}, V_{DD} \leq BV_{DSS}$, Starting $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$
4. Pulse Test : Pulse width $\leq 300\text{ }\mu\text{s}$, Duty cycle $\leq 2\%$
5. Essentially independent of operating temperature

Typical Characteristics

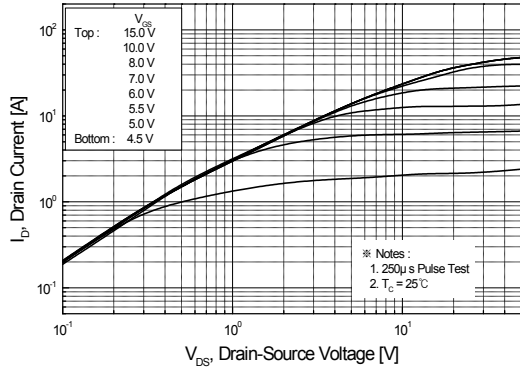


Figure 1. On-Region Characteristics

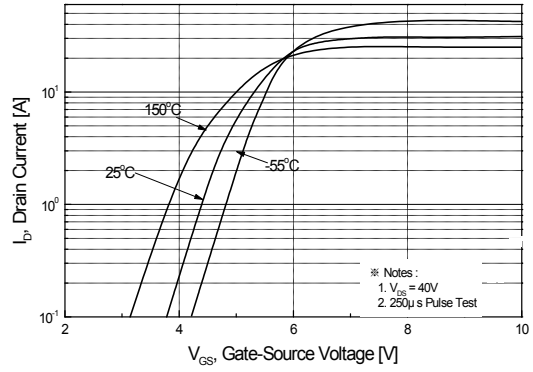


Figure 2. Transfer Characteristics

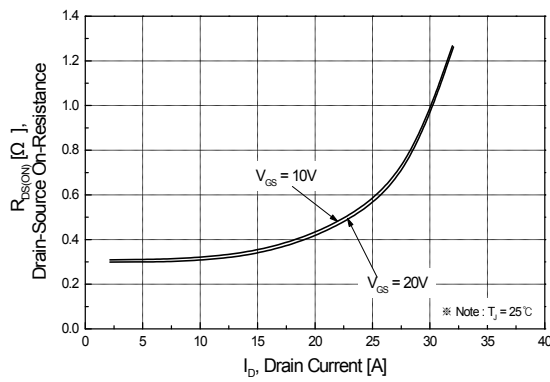


Figure 3. On-Resistance Variation vs Drain Current and Gate Voltage

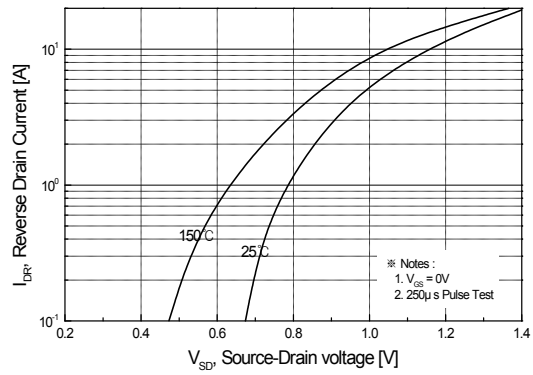


Figure 4. Body Diode Forward Voltage Variation with Source Current and Temperature

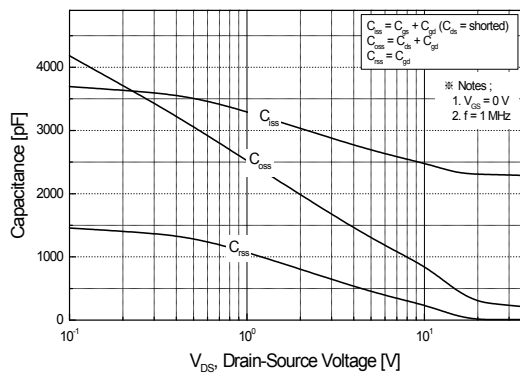


Figure 5. Capacitance Characteristics

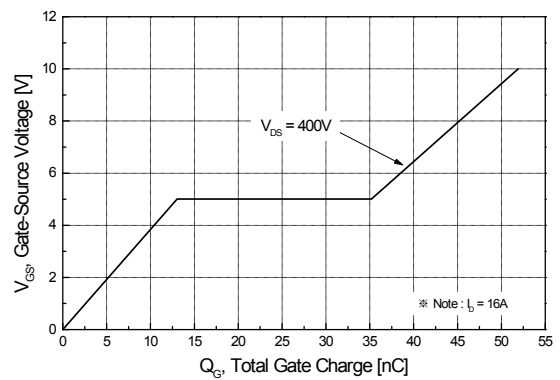


Figure 6. Gate Charge Characteristics

Typical Characteristics (Continued)

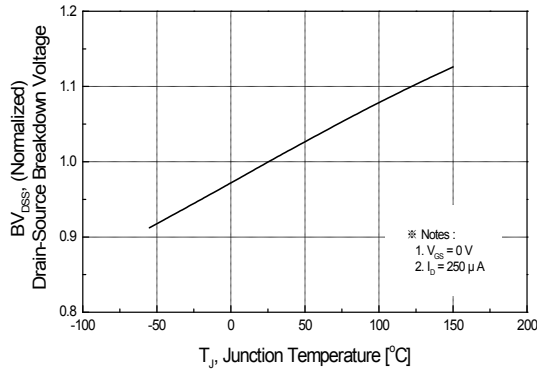


Figure 7. Breakdown Voltage Variation vs Temperature

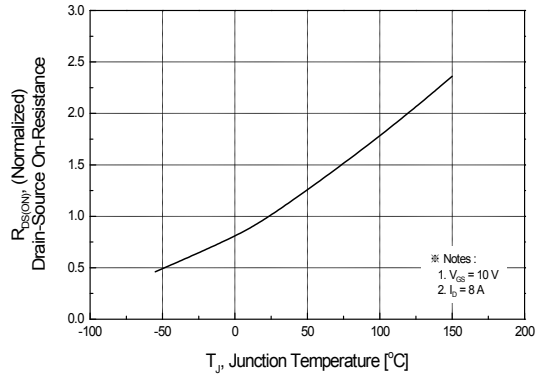


Figure 8. On-Resistance Variation vs Temperature

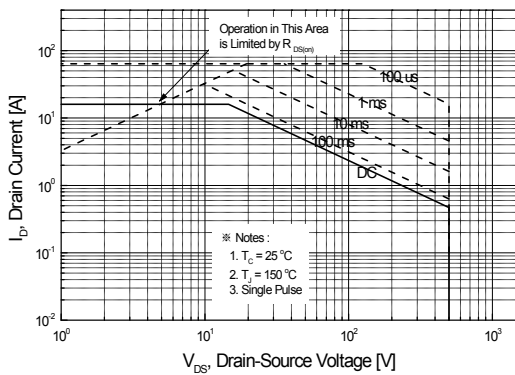


Figure 9-1. Maximum Safe Operating Area for <A % B> \$:

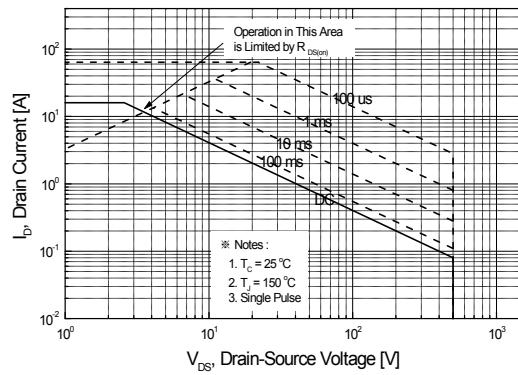


Figure 9-2. Maximum Safe Operating Area for <A % B> \$:

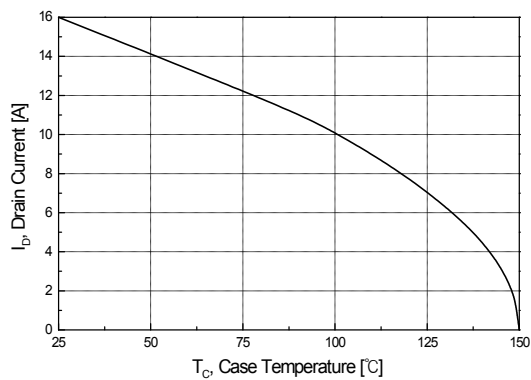


Figure 10. Maximum Drain Current vs Case Temperature

Typical Characteristics (Continued)

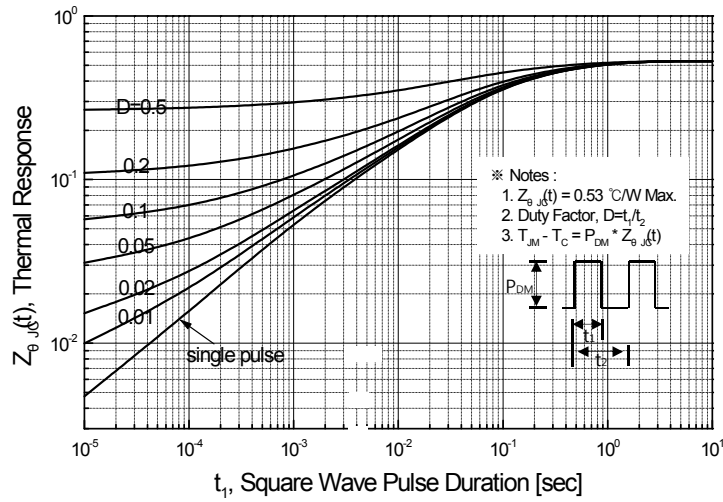


Figure 11-1. Transient Thermal Response Curve for <A% B) \$

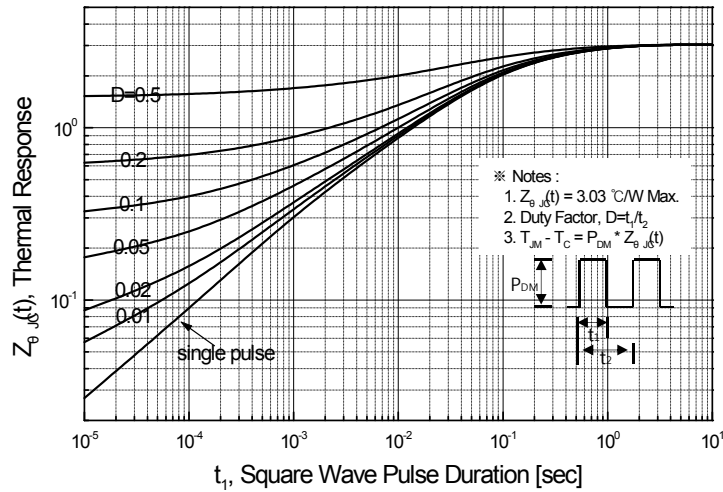
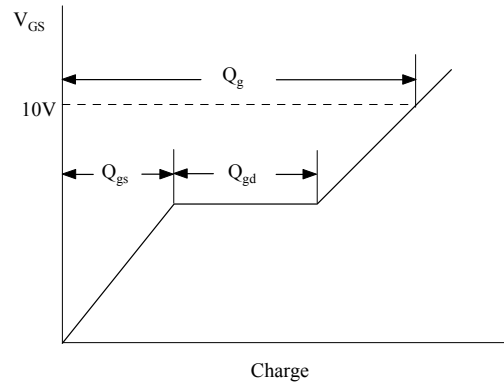
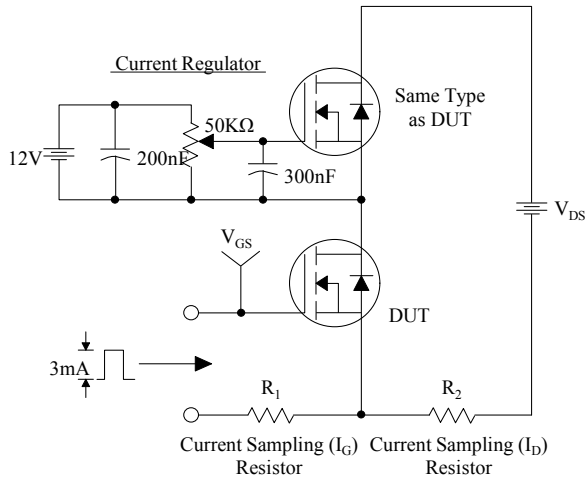
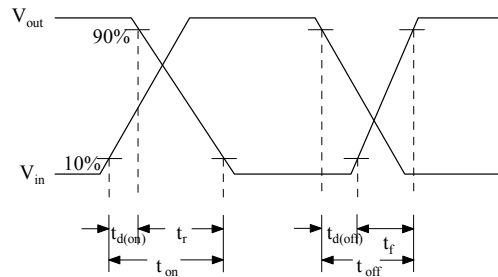
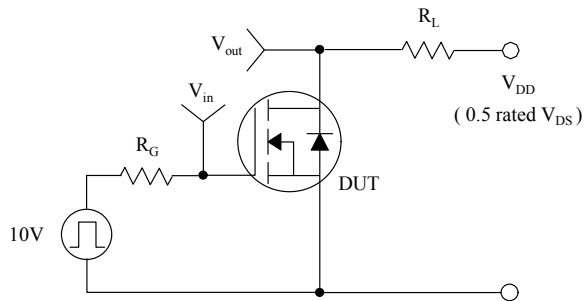


Figure 11-2. Transient Thermal Response Curve for <A% B) \$:

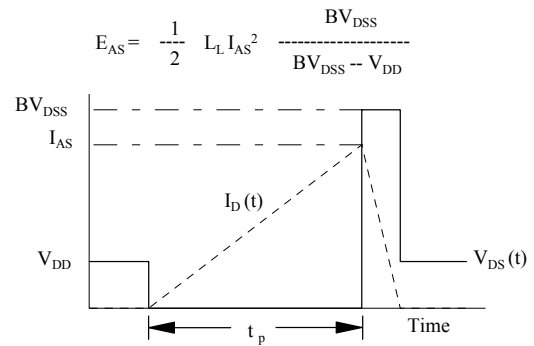
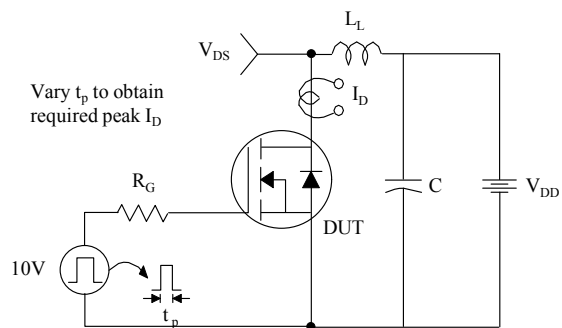
Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform



Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms



Unclamped Inductive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms



Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt Test Circuit & Waveforms

